

Year 2 Information for Parents

Parents asked for more information regarding how we assess the children and what the terms Emerging, expected and exceeding mean for each year group.

Emerging — Yet to be secure in the end of year expectations.

Expected—Secure in the majority of the end of year expectations.

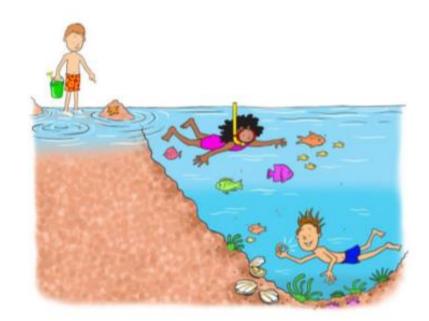
Exceeding—Secure in all the end of year expectations and is able to use and apply their knowledge and skills confidently.

Each child is assessed in terms of how well (emerging, expected or exceeding) they have achieved in <u>all of the objectives</u> for each subject.

Paddling (emerging)

Snorkelling (expected)

Diving (exceeding)



Year 1 Reading End Points

Phonics and word reading

- Recognise RWI set 1, 2 and 3 sounds and blend these sounds accurately: i n c k u b f p g o e l h r j v y w z m a s d t x, ch ng nk qu sh th (set 1), ay ee igh ow oo oo ar or air ir ou oy (set 2) and a-e ea i-e o-e u-e oi ai oa aw ur er ire ear ure ew are ow (set 3)
- be able to read Blue books accurately and confidently
- read words with -s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er and -est endings
- Read common exception words
- Read contractions such as 'I'll, we'll etc.'
- Re-read to correct
- Read with pace and expression, i.e. pause at full stops and raise voice for a question

Reading - comprehension

- · Read for pleasure and relate reading to own experiences
- Re-tell with considerable accuracy
- Discuss significance of title and events
- · Make simple predictions on basis of what has been read
- · Know difference between fiction and non-fiction texts
- · Learn some simple rhymes and poems by heart

Year 1 Writing End Points

Skills	Year 1		
Composition	Writes 4-5 sentences linked by a simple idea. Rehearses what they want to write by saying it out loud. Rereads writing to check it makes sense. Can read own writing. Adult can read writing.	Grammar	Joins with <i>and</i> . Uses adjectives to describe nouns.
Structure and Organisation	Writing is organised as a sequence of sentences. Includes familiar storytelling language eg. Once upon a time, One day, The End Repeat key words to show meaning	Spelling	In own writing spells 40 high frequency words correctly. Can spell Year 1 common exception words. Spelling of words is phonically plausible. Can spell correct phoneme to grapheme. Can write from memory simple sentences dictated by a teacher. The sentence must include GPCs already taught so far and common exception words. Can name letters of the alphabet in order. Uses letter names for spellings. Can spell phonically in own writing. Can spell numbers 1 – 10. Can spell days of the week.

Punctuation	Uses capital letters and full stops accurately to demarcate two sentences. Some use of capital letters for people's names, places, days and the personal pronoun I. Sometimes uses exclamation marks and question marks accurately.	Word Work	Leaves spaces between words. Uses joining words (and) Uses plural noun suffixes –s or –es.(dog-dogs, wishwishes) Uses some suffixes that can be added to verbs where no change is needed (helped, helping, helper). Uses some simple descriptive words (shape, colour, size, emotions). Shows awareness of names, days, I by using capital
Handwriting and Presentation	Holds pencil comfortably and correctly Sits in correct handwriting position at a table. Forms lower case letters correctly — descenders below the line, ascenders clear. Forms capital letters correctly. Writes digits 0-9.		letters.

Year 1 Maths End Points

Number and Place Value	Number — Addition & Subtraction			
□ count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number; □ count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens; □ given a number, identify one more and one less; □ identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least; □ read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words.	 read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs; represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20; add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero; solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = □ - 9. 			
Number - Multiplication and Division	Number – Fractions			
solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.	 recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity; recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. 			
Measurement				
compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half); mass/weight (for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than); capacity and volume (for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter); time (for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later); measure and begin to record the following: lengths and heights; mass/weight; capacity and volume; time (hours, minutes, seconds); recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes; sequence events in chronological order using language (for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening); recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years; tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times.				
Geometry - Properties of shapes & Position and Direction				
 recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: 2-D shapes (for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles); 3-D shapes (for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres); describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns. 				

Year 1 Science End Points

 $\underline{\textit{Approaches to enquiry -}}\xspace{I}$ will be helped to develop my understanding of scientific ideas by using different

types of scientific enquiry to answer my own questions.

- I can observe changes over a period of time
- I can notice patterns
- I can group and classify things

Asking Questions - I will ask simple questions

- I can begin to shape questions using different question stems
- I can ask questions about how and why objects, materials and living things:
 - o change
 - o are similar or different to each other
 - o connect with each other
 - o are made or work

<u>Planning</u> - I will be able to recognise that questions can be answered in different ways

- With help:
 - o I can suggest how to find things out
 - o I can identify variables to change and measure
 - o I can identify sorting criteria
 - o I can suggest how to take measurements

Collecting data - I will be able to observe closely, using simple equipment

- I can use non-standard units to collect observations
- I will be able to perform simple tests
- I can use non-standard units to collect data
- I will be able to identify and classify
- I can sort objects by observable features
- I can make comparisons between simple features
- I will be able to gather data to help in answering questions
- I can gather data to answer questions from a variety of sources including talking to people, first hand observation and practical activity

Presenting data - I will be able to record data to help in answering questions

- · I can talk about what has been found out and how
- I can record observations in word and pictures
- I can record sorting in sorting circles or tables